



# United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/891,143	06/25/2001	Peter Kamvysselis	EMS-01701	8831	
26339	7590 12/21/200		EXAM	EXAMINER	
PATENT GROUP			TANG, KENNETH		
CHOATE, HALL & STEWART EXCHANGE PLACE, 53 STATE STREET			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
BOSTON, MA 02109			2127		

DATE MAILED: 12/21/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/891,143	KAMVYSSELIS ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Kenneth Tang	2127			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timy within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>13 N</u>	ovember 2002.				
	<u> </u>				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4)	wn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>05 June 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)     Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da				
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/04/01.</li> </ul>		atent Application (PTO-152)			

Art Unit: 2127

#### DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-25 are presented for examination.

# Specification

2. Applicant is required to update the Cross Reference to Related Applications section (1<sup>st</sup> paragraph) of the specification to include the current status of related applications.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 3. Claims 1-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention:
  - a. The following term lacks antecedent basis:
    - i. Claim 7 recites the limitation "the device" in line 6 and "the link id" in line 9. There is insufficient antecedent basis for these limitations in the claim.
  - b. The following claim language is indefinite:
    - i. In claim 1, "a device associated with the communication device" (line 5) is indefinite because it is not made explicitly clear in the claim language whether this is the same as "a device associated with the communication device" (line 1) or if a new device associated with a communication device is being introduced.

Art Unit: 2127

ii. In claim 1, "device records" and "job records" are indefinite because it is not made explicitly clear in the claim whether these belong to the "device" or the "communication device", or to both.

Page 3

- iii. In claim 7, "at least portion" is indefinite because it is grammatically incorrect and doesn't make any sense.
- iv. In claim 10, "shared pointer" and "shared parameters" are indefinite because it is not made explicitly clear in the claim language what is being shared.
- v. Claim 17 is rejected for the same indefinite reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 1 above.
- vi. Claim 23 is rejected for the same indefinite reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 7 above.
- The following omit essential structural cooperative relationships of elements, such omission amounting to a gap between the necessary structural connections. See MPEP § 2172.01. The omitted structural cooperative relationships are:
  - i. In claims 10 and 14, there is no structural relationship between "accessing device information" (in preamble) to any of the fields listed in the body of the claim.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

Art Unit: 2127

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Page 4

- 2. Claims 10-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Poublan et al. (hereinafter Poublan) (US 4,104,718).
- 3. As to claim 10, Poublan teaches a device record that facilitates remotely (with peripheral devices) accessing device information (col. 11, lines 13-15, col. 1, line 36), comprising:

an active job pointer field (col. 12, lines 30-32);

a job count field (col. 12, line 36);

a constants field (col. 13, lines 27-28);

a shared pointer (col. 13, lines 35-37); and

a shared parameters field (col. 13, lines 37-42).

- 4. As to claim 11, Poublan teaches wherein at least one of the device records includes a pointer to one of the job records corresponding to an active job (col. 12, lines 30-32 and 43-51 and col. 50, lines 13-25).
- 5. As to claim 12, Poublon teaches a device record wherein said job count field (number of entries) indicates how many job records correspond to the device record (in the Job Control Structure) (col. 56, lines 15-34).

As to claim 13, Poublan teaches wherein said shared pointer (SUBFPCB Pointer) points to the device record (col. 64, lines 30-63).

Art Unit: 2127

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Page 5

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1, 5-7, 17, and 21-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Poublan et al. (hereinafter Poublan) (US 4,104,718).
- 7. As to claim 1, Poublan teaches a method of providing multiple jobs for a device associated with a communication device (col. 1, lines 34-44), comprising:

providing a plurality of device records (files), wherein each of the device records corresponds to a device associated with the communication device (col. 9, lines 14-19, col. 56, lines 35-55);

providing a plurality of job records for at least one of the device records, wherein each of the job records contains at least some information (col. 40, lines 1-19); and

linking (pointer) the job records and the corresponding device record so that any one of the job records may be accessed by first accessing the corresponding one of the device records (col. 41, lines 43-45).

8. Poublan fails to explicitly teach that the job records contain information that is also provided in the corresponding one of the device records. However, it would have been obvious

Art Unit: 2127

to one of ordinary skill in the art to have the job records contain information that is also provided (common) in the corresponding one of the device records because it would justify the job record belonging within the device record.

Page 6

- 9. As to claim 5, Poublan teaches wherein at least one of the device records includes a pointer to one of the job records corresponding to an active job (col. 12, lines 43-51 and col. 50, lines 13-25).
- 10. As to claim 6, Poublan fails to explicitly teach wherein each of the job records includes information not found in other ones of the job records. However, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the feature of job records including information not found in other ones of the job records because this prevents grouping uncommon information together in a job record, which increases organization.
- 11. As to claim 7, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 1. In addition, Poublan teaches having identification for the pointers (col. 10, lines 65-68 through col. 11, lines 1-13).
- 12. As to claim 17, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 1.
- 13. As to claim 21, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 5.

Art Unit: 2127

14. As to claim 22, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 6.

Page 7

- 15. As to claim 23, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 7.
- Claims 2-4, 8-9, and 14-16, 18-20, and 24-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Poublan et al. (hereinafter Poublan) (US 4,104,718) in view of James (US 6,035,376).
- As to claim 2, Poublan teaches using pointers to link device records and job records (see rejection of claim 1). Poublan fails to explicitly teach providing one of a plurality of shared pointers in each of the job records and the corresponding one of the device records, wherein all of the shared pointers point to the corresponding one of the device records. However, James teaches using shared pointers, which increases efficiency by saving from using multiple copies (col. 4, lines 52-56 and col. 6, lines 13-16). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the feature of shared pointers to Poublan's device communication system which also uses pointers in order to gain the benefit described above.
- 18. As to claim 3, Poublan fails to explicitly teach wherein linking the job records includes providing a forward pointer and a backward pointer for each of the job records. However, James teaches using a forward pointer and a backwards pointer for each job fields of records in oder to

Art Unit: 2127

provide the advantage of allowing the data to be transferred immediately when it is available. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the feature of using forward pointers and a backward pointers to Poublan's device communication system which also uses pointers in order to gain the benefit described above.

- 19. As to claim 4, Poublan teaches wherein linking the job records also includes providing a pointer to one of the job records in the corresponding one of the device records (col. 41, lines 43-45).
- As to claim 8, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 2. In addition, Poublan teaches finding a free element on a job record array (col. 3, lines 53-56), copying constants from the device record to each of the job records (col. 18, lines 45-51); initializing job specific data for each of the job records (col. 39, lines 30-65); setting pointers for each of the job records (col. 41, lines 43-45); and incrementing a job counter by one for each of the job records (col. 49, lines 26-27, col. 40, line 34).
- As to claim 9, Poublan teaches wherein finding a free element on a job record array includes determining if a free element exists and if a free element does not exist, posting an error (col. 33, lines 37-52).
- As to claim 14, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claims 2 and 10. In addition, Poublan teaches an id track table field (e.g., col. 46, lines 19-21).

- 23. As to claim 15, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 3.
- 24. As to claim 16, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 2.
- 25. As to claim 18, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 2.
- 26. As to claim 19, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 3.
- 27. As to claim 20, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 4.
- 28. As to claim 24, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 8.
- 29. As to claim 25, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 9.

#### Conclusion

- 30. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:
  - Schoen (US 5,991,709) teaches verifying data stored on a remote storage device whether it is consistent with the data stored on a local storage device.

Art Unit: 2127

31.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

Page 10

examiner should be directed to Kenneth Tang whose telephone number is (571) 272-3772. The

examiner can normally be reached on 8:30AM - 6:00PM, Every other Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Meng-Ai An can be reached on (571) 272-3756. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Kt

12/1/04

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2100